

Lecture #8

LTL \rightarrow Automata

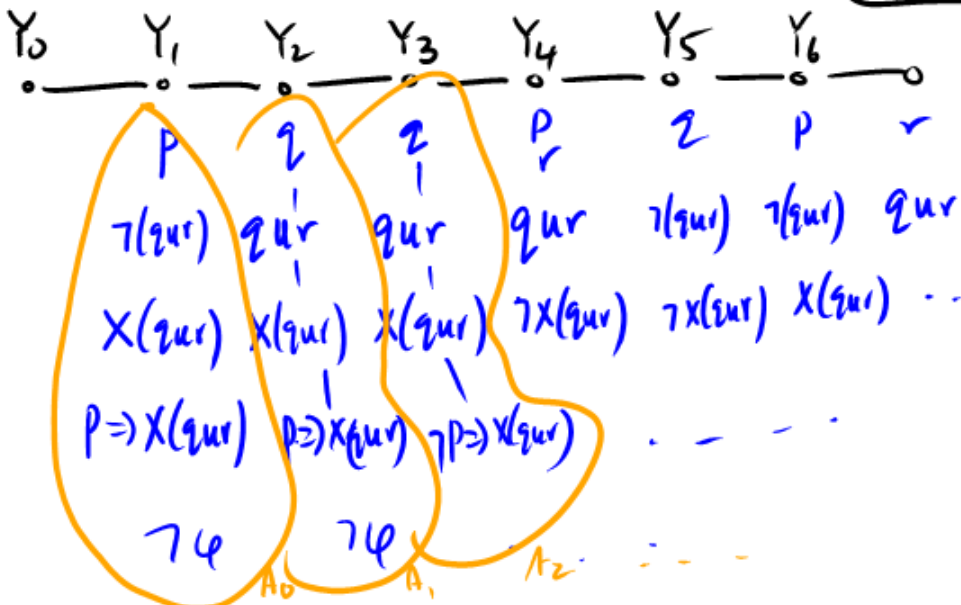
Model-checking LTL

Model-checking a path in infinite time

$$G(P \Rightarrow X(qur))$$

$$Y_i \in AP$$

SF: P, q, r
 $qur, X(qur)$
 $P \Rightarrow X(qur), \psi$



Generalized Büchi automaton.

$$A = (Q, Q_{in}, \delta, \{F_1, \dots, F_n\})$$

A run ρ is accepting if

$$\forall i. (\text{Inf}(\rho) \cap F_i \neq \emptyset)$$

$$CL(\varphi) = SF(\varphi) \cup \{X(\alpha \cup \beta) \mid \alpha \cup \beta \in SF(\varphi)\} \\ \cup \{ \neg \alpha \mid \alpha \in SF(\varphi) \}$$

where $\neg \alpha$ is identified with α .

Atoms

An atom $A \subseteq CL(\varphi)$ such that

- $\alpha \in A \Leftrightarrow \neg \alpha \notin A$
- $\alpha \vee \beta \in A \Leftrightarrow (\alpha \in A \text{ or } \beta \in A)$
- $\alpha \cup \beta \in A \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \beta \in A \\ \alpha \in A \text{ and } X(\alpha \cup \beta) \in A \end{cases}$ or

Automaton for φ : A_φ

States: Atoms of φ — $2^{|\text{cl}(\varphi)|}$

$A \xrightarrow{Y} A' \quad Y \subseteq AP$

$\forall p \in AP: p \in Y \Leftrightarrow p \in A \quad [A \cap AP = Y]$

$\forall \alpha \in \text{cl}(\varphi) \quad X\alpha \in A \Leftrightarrow \alpha \in A'$

$\forall (\alpha \vee \beta) \in \text{cl}(\varphi)$ — it's until formula
 $F_i = \{ A \mid \alpha \vee \beta \notin A \text{ or } \beta \in A \}$

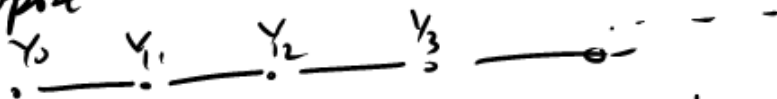
Initial states

$$\text{Init} = \{ A \mid \varphi \in A \}$$

$$\forall w \in (2^{AP})^\omega. (w \models \varphi \text{ iff } w \in A_\varphi)$$

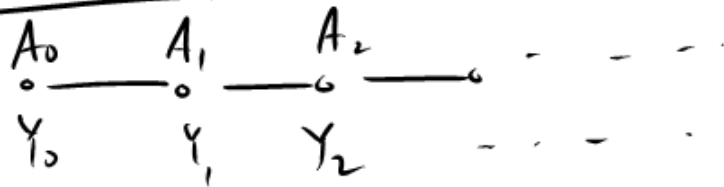
Proof outline

Suppose $w \models \varphi$



$$A_i = \{ \alpha \in CL(\varphi) \mid \alpha \text{ holds at position } i \}$$

The other way



φ

Induction on subformulas $\alpha \in CL(\varphi)$.

Argue that $w_i \models \alpha$ iff $\alpha \in A_i$

Model-checking

Model: S Spec: φ

All runs of S satisfy φ .

$\neg\varphi \longrightarrow A_{\neg\varphi}$

$(\text{Runs of } S) \cap L(A_{\neg\varphi}) \neq \emptyset$

if yes then error
else S model-checks against φ .

Capture $\text{Runs}(S)$ using another automaton A_S with no wining condition.

$$L(A_S) \cap L(A_{\neg\varphi}) \neq \emptyset$$

$$\Leftrightarrow L(\underbrace{A_S \cap A_{\neg\varphi}}) \neq \emptyset$$

Which is decidable in linear time in $|A_S| \cdot |A_{\neg\varphi}|$

$$\underline{|S|} \times \underline{2^{O(|\varphi|)}}$$

Moreover, if $L(A_5) \cap L(A_{74}) \neq \emptyset$,
model-checker will return

$\underline{u}, \underline{v}$ s.t.
 $uv^w \in L(A_5)$
 $uv^w \in L(A_{74})$
i.e. $uv^w \neq \emptyset$